

# Camden High School

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# Year 9 - 5.1 Mathematics Assessment Task Term 3 2023

TOPICS: Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry

SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS:

Term 3 – Week 6 – 9MAT1R1 & 9MAT1L1 
Period 4 – WEDNESDAY 23<sup>rd</sup> of AUGUST

Section 2 - /10

TOTAL - /40

#### **OUTCOMES TO BE ASSESSED:**

**MA4 – 16MG – applies** Pythagoras' theorem to **calculate** side lengths in right-angled triangles, and **solve** related problems

MA5.1 – 2WM – selects and uses appropriate strategies to solve problems

**MA5.1 – 10MG – applies** trigonometry, given diagrams, to solve problems, including problems involving angles of elevation and depression

#### **DIRECTIONAL VERBS:**

Uses – applies, utilise, employ in a particular situation

**Selects** – connects, relates cause and effect; make the relationships between things evident; provide why and/or how using appropriate terminology, diagram and/or symbols

Solve – ascertain, calculate, evaluate, determine from given facts, figures

#### **TASK DESCRIPTION:**

In this task you will be applying Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry to find missing sides and angles of right angled triangles.

There are **two** sections to this assessment task

- Section 1 Creating five questions using Pythagoras' Theorem and trigonometry
- Section 2 Using a clinometer to find the unknown lengths of two objects

Sections 1 and Section 2 are to be completed individually and at home. You will be given 1 period of class time to assist you in completing Section 2 where an example will be modelled for you. If you are absent on the day this task is modelled, it is your responsibility to seek assistance from your teacher outside of class time. Ensure that you have thoroughly checked all your work for any errors and compared your work against the Assessment Marking Criteria prior to the submission date.

This entire boo	oklet needs to be su	bmitted on <b>WEDN</b>	ESDAY 23" of AUGU	ST.
Student Name:				

### ASSESSMENT MARKING CRITERIA:

### Section 1

Question 1:	2	Question is complete and meets all criteria	
Pythagoras' Theorem – finding the length of the hypotenuse		Slight errors in question – question does not ask to find the length of the hypotenuse	
		Questions is incomplete or not attempted – question does not involve Pythagoras' Theorem – question is not clear	
Image including	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic	
Diagram		measurements	
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors -	
		may have unrealistic measurements	
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included	
Solution		Full and correct solution provided	
	1	Partial solution – may contain minor errors	
		Little or no attempt at solutions	

Question 2:	2	Question is complete and meets all criteria	
Pythagoras' Theorem –	1	Slight errors in question – question does not ask to find the length of a side	
finding the length of a side		Questions is incomplete or not attempted – question does not involve Pythagoras' Theorem – question is not clear	
Image including diagram	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic measurements	
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements	
•	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included	
Solution		Full and correct solution provided	
		Partial solution – may contain minor errors	
		Little or no attempt at solutions	

Question 3: Trigonometry - finding the unknown	2	Question is complete and meets all criteria
denominator <b>Ratio:</b> $\sin \theta = \frac{o}{H}$	1	Slight errors in question – trigonometric ratio used more than once - question does not ask to find the unknown denominator
$\cos\theta = \frac{A}{H}$ $\tan\theta = \frac{O}{A}$	0	Questions is incomplete or not attempted – question does not involve trigonometry – question is not clear
Image including Diagram	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic measurements
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included
Solution	2	Full and correct solution provided
	1	Partial solution – may contain minor errors
	0	Little or no attempt at solutions

Question 4:		Question is complete and meets all criteria	
Trigonometry - finding	2		
the unknown			
numerator		Slight errors in question – trigonometric ratio used more than once question -	
<b>Ratio:</b> $Sin\theta = \frac{O}{H}$	1	does not ask to find the unknown numerator	
$\cos\theta = \frac{A}{H}$		Questions is incomplete or not attempted – question does not involve	
$Tan\theta = \frac{O}{A}$	0	trigonometry – question is not clear	
Image including	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic	
Diagram		measurements	
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements	
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included	
Solution		Full and correct solution provided	
		Partial solution – may contain minor errors	
	0	Little or no attempt at solutions	

Question 5: Trigonometry – finding the size of an angle		uestion is complete and meets all criteria	
Ratio: $\sin\theta = \frac{o}{H}$ $\cos\theta = \frac{A}{H}$	1	Slight errors in question – trigonometric ratio used more than once question - does not ask to find the size of an angle	
$Tan\theta = \frac{o}{A}$	0	Questions is incomplete or not attempted – question does not involve trigonometry – question is not clear	
Image including Diagram		Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic measurements	
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements	
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included	
Solution 2 Full and corre		Full and correct solution provided	
	1 Partial solution – may contain minor errors		
	0	Little or no attempt at solutions	

Total: /30

### Section 2

Object 1:		Object named
	0	No object named
Image including Diagram	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic measurements
	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included
Solution	plution 2 Full and correct solution provided	
	1	Partial solution – may contain minor errors
	0	Little or no attempt at solutions

Object 1:		Object named
	0	No object named
Image including Diagram	2	Image including diagram is neat, complete, correct and fully labelled with realistic measurements
, Diagram	1	Image including diagram is mostly complete – may contain some minor errors - may have unrealistic measurements
	0	Diagram is incomplete or not attempted – image is not included
Solution 2 Full and correct solution provided		Full and correct solution provided
	1	Partial solution – may contain minor errors
	0	Little or no attempt at solutions

Total: /10

### **SECTION 1 – Task Requirements**

You will create **five questions** with images (including diagrams) and worked solutions. These questions need to be based on real-life situations which can be solved using Pythagoras' Theorem and trigonometry.

Use the following example as a guide to creating your questions –

### **EXAMPLE – Section 1**

Question 1: Pythagoras' Theorem - finding the length of the hypotenuse (2 marks)

Bob is building a wheelchair ramp. The wheelchair ramp needs to be 0.5m high. It will have a horizontal distance of 2.7m. What is the total length of the wheelchair ramp?

	-
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solutions (2 marks)
0.5m	$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$ $0.5^{2} + 2.7^{2} = c^{2}$ $c^{2} = 0.25 + 7.29$ $c^{2} = 7.54$ $c = \sqrt{7.54}$ $c = 2.7459 \dots$ $c = 2.75m  2.d.p$

To complete this section successfully you will need to:

- Create **one** question using Pythagoras' Theorem to find the length of the hypotenuse
- Create **one** question using Pythagoras' Theorem to find the length of a side
- Create three questions using trigonometry
  - all trigonometric ratios must be used  $\sin\theta = \frac{O}{H}$ ,  $\cos\theta = \frac{A}{H}$  and  $\tan\theta = \frac{O}{A}$
  - one question must involve finding the unknown denominator
  - one question must involve finding the unknown numerator
  - one question must involve finding the size of an angle
- Ensure all questions are coherent. These can be clearly hand-written or typed
- Ensue all questions include a labelled diagram which is an originally sourced image; that is, you
  took the image yourself. You must label your diagram clearly; either hand-drawn or digitally
  created
- Ensure questions include **complete worked solutions**. Round all answers to **two decimal places**. These can be clearly hand-written or typed

Use <u>Section 1 - Scaffold</u> to help you complete this section.

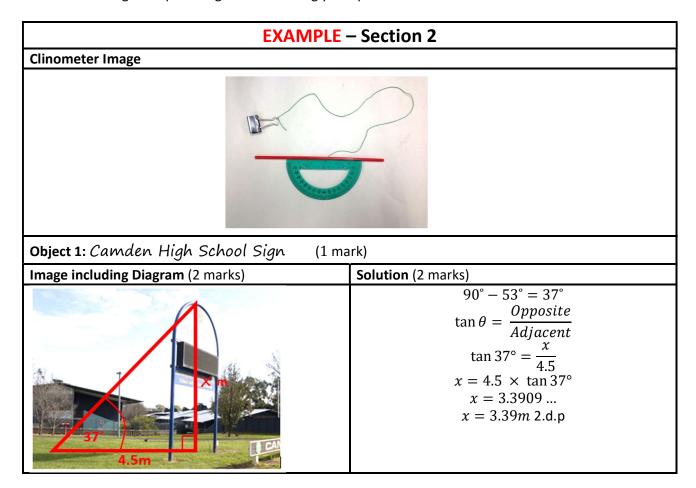
## **SECTION 2 – Task Requirements**

You will make and use a clinometer to find the unknown lengths of **two** objects, using trigonometry.

A clinometer is a tool used to measure the angle of elevation (angle from the ground) in a right-angled triangle. Instructions for making and using your clinometer are on the next page.

You are encouraged to use digital measurement apps to assist you when making measurements.

Use the following example as a guide to creating your questions –



To complete this section successfully you will need to:

- Create your own clinometer using the instructions given
- Attach an image of your completed clinometer
- Select two objects to find the unknown lengths and use the clinometer to find the angle of elevation
- Ensue all questions include a labelled diagram which is an **originally sourced image**; that is, you took the image yourself. You must label your diagram clearly; either hand-drawn or digitally created
- Ensure questions include **complete worked solutions**. Round all answers to **two decimal places**. These can be clearly hand-written or typed

Use Section 2 - Scaffold to help you complete this section.

### Instructions: How to Make and Use the Clinometer

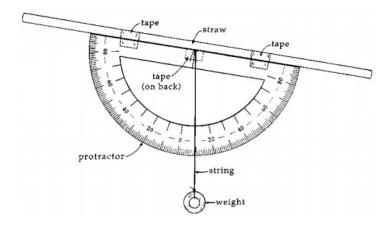
### **Materials**

- Straw
- Protractor
- Tape
- String
- Small Weight

### Steps

- 1. Attach the string to a protractor at the marked line in the centre of the protractor using tape. If you do not have a protractor, one has been included at the end of this document.
- 2. Attach the weight to the end of the string. The weight doesn't need to be too heavy. This could be a rubber, paper or binder clip. This weight will ensure the string taught and enable you to read the angle.
- 3. Attach the straw along the edge of the protractor using tape. You will look through this straw when aiming your clinometer at the top of the object you measuring.
- 4. Take a photo of your clinometer and attach the image to your assessment task.

Your clinometer is now ready to use and should resemble the image below:



### Instructions: How to Use the Clinometer

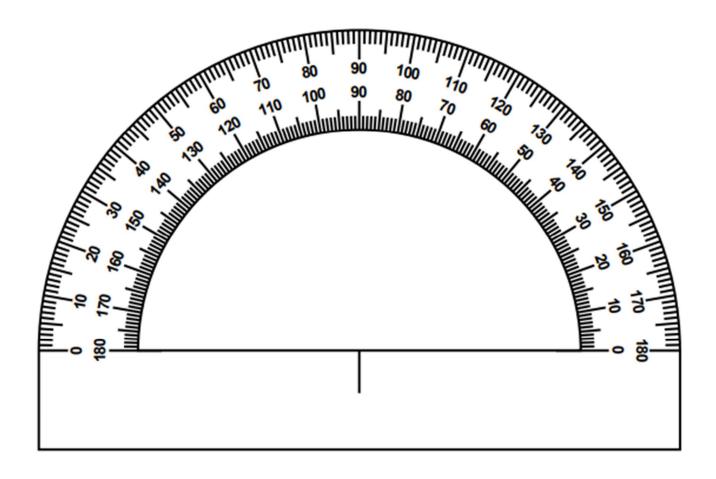
- 1. Select an object to find its unknown height. Remember to take a photo of the object you are measuring and attach it to your assessment.
- 2. Ensure that you are far enough away from the object to see the top from ground level.
- 3. Measure and record your distance from the base of the object.
- 4. Measure and record the angle of elevation using the clinometer **from ground level**. To do this look through the straw to the top of the object that you are measuring. Read the angle shown by the string hanging across the protractor. Subtract the angle shown from 90°. This measurement is your angle of elevation.
- 5. Complete the diagram and use trigonometry to calculate the height of the unknown object.

Section 1 - Scaffold			
Question 1: Pythagoras' Theorem – finding the	he length of the hypotenuse (2 marks)		
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solution (2 marks)		
Question 2: Pythagoras' Theorem – finding tl	he length of a side (2 marks)		
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solution (2 marks)		

Question 3: Trigonometry - finding the unknown denominator (2 marks) Ratio:				
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solution (2 marks)			
	, ,			
Question 4: Trigonometry - finding the unknown	numerator (2 marks) Ratio:			
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solution (2 marks)			

<b>Question 5:</b> Trigonometry – finding the size	of an angle (2 marks)	Ratio:
Image including Diagram (2 marks)	Solution (2 marks)	

	Section 2 - Scaffold	
Clinometer Image		
Object 1:	( 1 mark)	
Image including Diagram (2 marks)		Solution (2 marks)
Object 2:	( 1 mark)	
Image including Diagram (2 marks)		Solution (2 marks)



If you do not have a protractor, use this one.